THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY ALBERT PIKE & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., MONDAY, JULY 27, 1868. VOL. XVIII.—NO. 316

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

TERMS·

INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

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FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

The APPEAL, the largest and cheapest weekly paper in Tennessee, will be sent to subscribers for the ensuing four months as a campaign paper, at the very low rates given below.

As a Campaign paper, the APPEAL will make its readers acquainted with all current political events, and whatever else may be of interest. It will express its own opinions fully and freely as heretofore, and continue to observe the rules of conduct that have always governed it. It has no new professions to make.

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A copy gratis will be sent to the friend who sends us a Club at these rates.

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ALAERT PIKE & CO.

THE PLATFORM.

The Democratic party, in National Convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism and discriminating justice of the people; standing upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government, and the guarantee of the liberties of the citizen; and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled for all time to come by the war or the voluntary action of the Southern States in Constitutional Convention assembled, and never to be renewed or reagitated; do, with the return of peace, demand,

1. Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union under the Constitution and civil government of the American people.

2. Amnesty for all past political offenses, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens, and the payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable.

3. All money drawn from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the economical administration of the Government, shall be honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligation of the Government does not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and justice, to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

4. Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including Government bonds, and other public securities.

5. One currency for the Government and the people, the laborer and the officer-holder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder.

6. Economy in the administration of the Government: the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolishment of the freedmen's bureau, and all political instruments intended to secure negro supremacy; simplification of the system and the discontinuance of inquisitorial boards for assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burdens of taxation may be equalized and lessened; the credit of the Government and the currency made sound; the repeal of all enactments for creating the State militia into National forces in time of peace; a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford substantial protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

7. Reform of abuses in the Administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from offices, the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of rightful authority to, and the independence of the Executive and Judicial departments of the Government, the subordination of the military to the civil power to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

8. Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native-born citizens at home and abroad; an assertion of American nationality, which shall command the respect of foreign powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national liberty, constitutional liberty and individual rights, and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance, and the claims of foreign powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its every step, alike in the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both Houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the Government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution.

1. has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge under which was raised that noble volunteer army, which carried our flag to victory.

I. stead of restoring the Union, it has, so far as its power, dissolved it, and subjected ten States in time of peace to military despotism and negro supremacy.

It has nullified there the right of trial by jury.

It has abolished the habeas corpus, that most sacred writ of liberty.

It has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press.

It has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and secret star chamber inquisitions, for constitutional tribunals.

It has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from search and seizure.

It has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private homes of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters, without any specification or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law.

It has converted the American capitol into a bastile.

It has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would now dare to resort.

It has abolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the supreme judicial tribunal, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is expressly vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies, merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President.

Its corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of debt created during the war.

It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment, even of his own cabinet.

Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking to their base, and should it succeed in November next and inaugurate its president we will meet as a subject and conquered people amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British Crown the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or interfere with this exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution, and, if sanctioned by the people, will subvert the form of government, and can only end in a single centralized, consolidated government in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely absorbed, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a Federal Union of equal states.

That we regard the reconstruction acts of Congress, so-called, as usurpations, unconstitutional, revolutionary and void, and that our soldiers and sailors who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed widely among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre emption or homestead laws, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants at the minimum price as established by the Government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed, necessary for the encouragement of important enterprises of public interest, the proceeds of the sale of such lands and not the lands themselves should be so applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress on the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and on behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard.

Upon this platform the Democratic party appeal to every patriot, including all the conservative element and all who desire to support the Constitution and restore the Union, forgetting all past differences of opinion, to unite with us in the present great struggle for the liberties of the people, and that to all such, to whatever party they may have heretofore belonged, we extend the right hand of fellowship and hail all such co-operating with us as friends and brothers.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that in pursuance of an order from Ed. Latham, Register in Bankruptcy for the Western District of Tennessee, there will be a second general meeting of the creditors of W. H. Grider, Bankrupt, at said Register's office, No. 349 Main street, at 10 o'clock a m., on the 4th day of August next.

C. A. LEFFINGWELL, Assignee.

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FOR PRESIDENT,

HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

FRANK P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

GRIEVANCES OF TENNESSEE.

Mr. T. W. Brown, of Tennessee, on behalf of the Committee, submitted the following

MEMORIAL.

To the National Democratic Convention, assembled in New York, July 4, 1868, for the purpose of restoring the rights of States and re-establishing the ancient liberties of the people:

AUTHORITY OF COMMITTEE.

A Convention constituted by the people of Tennessee, and representing the great mass of the legitimate body politic of what should be a free and equal State of the Federal Union, directed your memorialists to make report to this assemblage of freemen of the oppressions, usurpations and misrule to which this State has been subjected by the minions and agents of the party now in possession of the Government of the United States.

REASONS FOR ADDRESSING CONVENTION.

The tyranny of which we, on behalf of a great body of American citizens complain, is not the arbitrary supremacy of a mere domestic faction maintaining itself against odds by its own vigor, talent and courage; on the contrary, if maintained by the now subsidized powers of the Federal Union, the ruling oligarchs of our unfortunate Commonwealth would not long abide the indignation of an outraged people. It is only because they represent and are executing the policy of the men now wielding the vast weight of federal authority, who prostitute the resources of a great nation to uphold and protect these petty oppressors of a noble State, that we appeal through you to the people of states yet free, to aid us in the redress of wrongs which are intolerable to American freemen, and the longer continuance of which threatens either renewed convulsions or the entire subversion of liberty throughout the Republic.

TENNESSEE GOVERNMENT NOT A GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE.

It is historically true that the present State organism of Tennessee was created in violation of all American precedent. It was not a government established by a majority of the citizens or of taxpaying inhabitants, it rests on a vote of *twenty two thousand* out of a voting population of *one hundred and sixty thousand*. It is likewise true that the Confederate soldier and his sympathizer on the one hand, and the armies of the south recognized the State government as an exigency of civil war, and were entirely willing to waive its illegitimacy, believing that it would conform in its legislation to the spirit and meaning of the terms of surrender tendered by the United States, and that its administration would be relieved in the midst of peace of whatever harshness the military necessities out of which it sprung may have in the first instance required. It was expected that, instead of being confined to the interests of the few that inaugurated its existence it would be enlarged and liberalized and expanded, so as to embrace and protect the whole people. Intending to accept in good faith the amnesty which we were offering the bayonets of the Union and re-establishing the authority of the Federal Government over the seceding States, as to the abolition of slavery, our people did not apprehend that a stranger government, the founding of a military camp, would annul the settlement of the questions at issue in the civil war, which was decided by the field; nor was it anticipated that harder terms would be exacted of the defeated belligerent when unarmed than had been demanded of him by his brave adversary in the field, when with arms in his hands despair might have renewed his enterprise and the horrors of a fratricidal combustion, more terrible than those of hopeless war, might have recreated his wasted resources. The parole of the Confederate soldier guaranteed to him unmolested enjoyments, guaranteed to him on the part of the supporters of the Union his pre-existing rights, civil and political, as a citizen, on the condition of obedience to the laws, State and Federal. To place the State citizen on a lower plane of civil and political liberty than that wherein the Soldier freedman was placed is a precedent so repugnant to the spirit and letter of all American Constitutions, and so fraught with danger to the Republic, that it cannot be believed there could emerge from the turbulence of the times a fact so so malignant or insane as to propose, much less execute, so monstrous a project. Thus conceiving, in this connection, the people yielded a cheerful obedience to the State government inaugurated during the paralyzing and intoxicating delirium of reunion and conduct would be such as would shortly legitimate it in their respect and affections.

These just expectations of the people have not been realized. It soon became apparent that the faction accidentally in power did not intend to recognize the sublime act of the people to the arms of the Union unless for the future they would mortgage to them their opinions and votes. It was not sufficient that they had in good with resumed their allegiance to Federal authority so long as they reserved to themselves the right to think and vote as American freemen. To exclude them from all participation in the affairs of government and reduce them substantially to a condition of vassalage, while exacting of them all the duties and imposing on them all the burdens of citizenship, was deemed the only expedient by which the men then in office could prolong their power.

THE DISFRANCHISING ACTS.

The amended Constitution proclaimed by the military Governor of the State, Andrew Johnson, and accepted by those having Tennessee in custody under Federal military power, was granted power to the General Assembly to determine the qualifications of voters and the manner of the elective franchise. It was but the exercise of this power under a Constitution confessedly the work of not even one-third of the people, that a system of oppression was consummated which has converted a once free and sovereign State of this Union into an odious despotism. The General Assembly first constituted after the proclamation of the amended constitution, when but a few of the citizens could vote, enacted three successive franchise laws, each surpassing the other in harshness and injustice. The result of the legislation on this matter has been the disfranchisement of more than *two thirds of the whites and the surrender of the ballot to the negroes*. It would be impossible, within the appropriate compass of this memorial, to present in detail the enormities of these franchise acts. We can only indicate them.

HOW A MINORITY PERPETUATES ITS POWER.

These acts were passed from time to time, as the necessities of the authorities required a restricted suffrage, to maintain them in office. The only exceptions to the rigor of these laws were those who had or were supposed to have assimilated with them in political sentiment. Thus political opinion was made the condition on which American citizens should enjoy that franchise, by which alone their liberties can be preserved—access to the ballot-box. This principle, worked out to its full extent, enables a temporary majority to render its rule perpetual, or force the people ultimately to relieve themselves by revolutionary violence. The majority of to-day have only to find their personal supremacy threatened by a change of opinion in the masses hostile to their policy and power, really converting them into a minority, to justify the line of action pursued in Tennessee. Then the work of expulsion from the polls may commence, narrowing in still decreasing circles the voting population by depriving of this ballot such numbers of the hostile voters as to leave under the control and soul for the time part of the party in power a majority of the voters, but really an insignificant minority of the people. Thus is established an oligarchy, the deadliest foe of popular liberty.

THE TEST OATH.

A still more repulsive and tyrannical feature of these disenfranchising acts is found in those provisions which propound to the citizen, in order to exercise the right of suffrage, harsh and inquisitorial oaths, reaching not only his conduct, but his *opinions in the past*, and putting upon him the alternative of committing perjury, or of becoming his own accuser for the disabling acts and sympathies which, by the terms of the law, exclude him from the ballot. Thus has been inaugurated amid the civilization of the nineteenth century, and in a republic, that odious acquisition into the secret thoughts and private opinions of men which has been justly deemed the peculiar disgrace of even a remote and barbarous period—of Ishmaelitish domination, more terrible than those of hopeless war, might have recreated his wasted resources. The perils of the Confederate soldier, unmolested and guaranteed his interests, guaranteed to him on the part of the supporters of the Union his pre-existing rights, civil and political, as a citizen, on the condition of obedience to the laws, State and Federal. To place the State citizen on a lower plane of civil and political liberty than that wherein the Soldier freedman was placed is a precedent so repugnant to the spirit and letter of all American Constitutions, and so fraught with danger to the Republic, that it cannot be believed there could emerge from the turbulence of the times a fact so so malignant or insane as to propose, much less execute, so monstrous a project. Thus conceiving, in this connection, the people yielded a cheerful obedience to the State government inaugurated during the paralyzing and intoxicating delirium of reunion and conduct would be such as would shortly legitimate it in their respect and affections.

These just expectations of the people have not been realized. It soon became apparent that the faction accidentally in power did not intend to recognize the sublime act of the people to the arms of the Union unless for the future they would mortgage to them their opinions and votes. It was not sufficient that they had in good with resumed their allegiance to Federal authority so long as they reserved to themselves the right to think and vote as American freemen. To exclude them from all participation in the affairs of government and reduce them substantially to a condition of vassalage, while exacting of them all the duties and imposing on them all the burdens of citizenship, was deemed the only expedient by which the men then in office could prolong their power.

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MEMPHIS APPEAL.

ALBERT PIKE & CO.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

DEMOCRATIC HEAD-QUARTERS

—IN—

THE CITY OF MEMPHIS,

—ARE—

IN THE STILLMAN BLOCK,

CORNER OF

Madison and Second Streets.

Open at all hours: supplied with newspapers from every State in the Union; and every Conservative American, Federal or Confederate, are always welcome.

The Shelby County Democratic Club

Meets at the Democratic Head-quarters every Saturday Evening, and is called to order precisely at half-past 8 o'clock.

President.—ALBERT PIKE.

Vice-Presidents.—W. T. Avery, John Dawson, M. Mageveney, jr., M. D. L. Stewart, A. E. Frankland, J. W. Leftwich and F. L. Warner.

Recording Secretary.—W. O. Lofland.

Corresponding Secretary.—Minor Merriwether.

Treasurer.—Major J. J. Murphy.

Democratic Clubs established elsewhere in the State are invited to correspond with the Shelby County Club, for co-operation and concerted action.

GENERAL ITEMS.

—The Louisville *Courier* publishes a list of all the bankrupts in Kentucky. The list includes about two thousand names.

—Dispatches from Belgrade report that the secretary and servants of Prince Karageorgewick are on trial on a charge of complicity in the plot for the murder of Prince Michael.

—Hon. George H. Pendleton has consented to address a Democratic meeting at Lafayette, Ind., on the 30th inst.

—Jefferson Davis and family will spend the summer in Nova Scotia. A large number of Southerners are already there.

—The members of the Alabama Legislature have consented to legislate for the benefit of the negroes at $8 per day.

—The *Scientific American* says that the military telegraph system now used by the United States is probably the most perfect in the world.

—Miss Callie Hewitt, an accomplished young lady, was killed by lightning near Huntsville, Ala., recently.

—One-fifth of the inhabitants of that part of Algeria visited by the cholera have been carried off by the epidemic.

—It it said that the present is the longest session of the French Chambers on record. It has lasted eight months.

—A large number of Mormons are now on their way across the plains to their New Jerusalem. A party of them landed from a steamer on the west banks of the Missouri, opposite Council Bluffs, on Monday last, and before night seventeen of the party were sunstruck.

—General Rosecrans is at the Astor House. He remains in New York a week or ten days, on private business.

—A land slide occurred on Friday near Gosport, killing three men and seriously injuring several others.

—The Inebriate Asylum, on Ward's Island, costing four hundred thousand dollars, was paid for by licenses under the excise law.

—The principal activity on Wall street is in Western stocks. Eastern stocks and Governments are quiet.

—The New Bedford *Standard* says the whale ships are bringing in full cargoes, and an abundant yield of oil is expected.

—Parties are organizing a company and raising money to develope the quartz gold mine recently discovered near West Point. A rich vein has been traced there for a thousand feet.

—George M. Day, an extensive miller of Peru, Illinois, committed suicide on Thursday evening, by shooting himself through the heart.

—The Chase House, the pride and boast of Pithole in its palmy days, is now being taken down and removed to Pleasantville, the new Pennsylvania oil-dorado. It was erected in 1865, at a cost of $80,000.

—Fifty dollars will hereafter be charged to the soldier who loses or disposes of the Springfield breech-loading musket.

—The printers in the Toronto *Leader* office are on a strike because they were offered American silver in payment of their wages. They demand that ten per cent. discount be allowed.

—A Richmond dispatch says Lieut. Wm. S. Mackey, of the Twenty-ninth Infantry, fled from Lynchburg on Wednesday with a considerable amount of money obtained by fraud.

—The city of Boston owns public parks and squares which would sell for $15,000,000, which is enough to pay the city debt.

—The Democrats of the Evansville (Indiana) district, re-nominated Hon. W. E. Niblack for Congress.

—The British House of Commons has passed the bill providing for the purchase of all the telegraph lines in the country, and connecting the telegraph business with that of the post office.

Absinthe.

This new drink, which is now all the go in France, and is being introduced in some of the cities of our own country, is distilled from the leaves major and minor absinthe, angelica roots, calamus aromaticus, aniseed, dittany leaves, and wild majoram, and mixed with oil of aniseed, with an addition of fennel and mint, etc.

A LETTER from Tupelo, Miss., says: "The ground has not been wet one-half inch here since the 27th day of May, though there has been a plenty of rain, and in some places a superabundance, around us. The showers have been partial—there being strips of country every eight or ten miles that are suffering as we are. Weather intensely hot—the mercury running over a hundred in the shade.

THE following is the concluding paragraph of a letter from this city to the Cincinnati *Commercial*. It needs no comment from us:

"We have had a big meeting of the Jews, here, to denounce General Grant for the order issued in his absence by his Adjutant, excluding Jew traders from the army lines. Nearly every Jew that figured in this meeting, was, it is notorious here, a contraband dealer, who grew rich during the war by treachery to both sides. The order was wrong because it was aimed at a whole sect, but a more unmitigated set of scoundrels than the Jew traders who were engaged running goods through the army lines, it would be hard to find anywhere. The idea of such men, whose whole lives were disgraceful to their religion and race, meeting to denounce Gen. Grant because his subordinate issued an order which reflected on all Jews, and which Gen Grant almost immediately annulled, is absurd. Yours, WILL.

THE NEW YORK HERALD AS A PROPHET.

Its Predictions and What They are Worth—Invariably Wrong for Twenty-one Years.

THE HERALD PREDICTS THE DEFEAT OF PRESIDENT POLK

Of the nomination of Mr. Polk we hardly know how to speak seriously. A more ridiculous, contemptible and forlorn candidate was never put forth by any party.

The singular result of all those laughable doings of the Democratic party in Baltimore will be the election of Henry Clay by a larger majority than ever was received by Jackson or Harrison.—*New York Herald, May* 31, 1844.

THE HERALD PREDICTS THE DEFEAT OF PRESIDENT TAYLOR.

"There is every probability that Gen. Taylor will be defeated in November, and that General Cass will most likely be the successful candidate, as Mr. Polk was four years ago."—*New York Herald, Sept.* 5, 1848.

THE HERALD PREDICTS THE DEFEAT OF PRESIDENT PIERCE.

From an article entitled "General Scott—Prospect of his Nomination and Election?" "Finally, as General Scott is to be the Whig candidate upon General Taylor's platform, the Democrats might as well prepare to meet him. They will get no other candidate from the Whigs, and they will find no other, as parties now stand, so hard to beat. In a word, General Scott will be nominated, and without letters, promises, principles or pledges, he may be elected."—*N. Y. Herald, May* 12, 1852.

THE HERALD PREDICTS THE DEFEAT OF PRESIDENT BUCHANAN.

This day week, on Tuesday, 13th inst., we are to have in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, those preliminary battles against the demoralized Democracy which are destined to culminate in a regular Waterloo defeat to Mr. Buchanan on the great day in November. There is, in other words, an ominous rolling of popular thunder along the whole Western horizon which indicates in the October elections a heavier Fremont tornado than that which has recently swept over the Eastern frontier States of Maine, etc. —*N. Y. Herald, Oct.* 7, 1856.

THE HERALD PREDICTS THE DEFEAT OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

"The defeat of Lincoln, and fanatical Northern Abolitionists who hoped to triumph with him, is certain."—*N. Y. Herald, August* 30, 1860.

THE HERALD PREDICTS THE DEFEAT OF PRESIDENT SEYMOUR.

"The die is cast." The Democratic Convention has decided that our next President shall be General Grant. * * Grant and Colfax against such a ticket will sweep the country from the Atlantic to the Pacific, because the blockheads of the Democratic party will it that we are still living under the *regime* of poor Pierce and Buchanan.—*N. Y. Herald, July* 10, 1868.

TENNESSEE.

—The Hebrews of Nashville have formed an anti Grant club.

—A negro was run over by a locomotive in Nashville on Friday, and his skull mashed to atoms.

—The negroes of Sumner county have driven the scalawags from the county—disgusted with their thieving propensities.

—The city tax assessor of Nashville estimates the value of real and personal property within the corporate limits at over $20,000,000.

—The Nashville *Banner* of Saturday says: We understand that the fifty negroes who undergo a daily fatigue march at the foot of St. Cloud Hill have purchased a keg of gunpowder.

—Bill Lanier, colored, aged about seventy-five years, was arrested in Nashville on Friday and arraigned before Commissioner Spalding on a charge of violating the person of a negro girl about thirteen years old.

VIRGINIA.

—The Richmond *Whig* of Friday says: None of the carpet-baggers or scalawags sleep now since the announcement that the Howard amendment would remove more than half the present civil officers in the State, so eager have they been to ascertain where to find the one that pays best and requires the least capacity and manual labor.

—This whole section was visited yesterday afternoon with a copious and much needed rain, which not only cooled the heated atmosphere, but will be of immense benefit to the growing crops, which had begun to suffer greatly from the protracted drought.—*Lynchburg News of* 21*st.*

—Dr. Bohannon, of Lynchburg, who has been hitherto a prominent Radical, publishes a card in the *Republican* of the 21st, announcing his utter withdrawal from that party and abnegation of its principles.

—There is not an office in Richmond, State or municipal, that has not a hundred expectant Radicals waiting the removal of the present incumbent.

ALABAMA.

From the Mobile *Evening News* of Friday we clip the following:

—William Shelton, a soldier of the garrison at Eufaula, lately transferred from Union Springs, is in confinement for being concerned in the robbery of Mr. Moultice, at the latter place. One of his accomplices informed on him, and $196 of the stolen money was found in his possession.

—An old man named Perry was murdered last week in Butler county, by a woman called Martha Ann Petty. His son had succeeded in breaking off an intimacy between them, and she waylaid him at a spring and cut his throat.

—A lazy negro woman at Montgomery neglected her child, two months old, and the rats devoured a portion of its underlip and throat.

—There have been good showers about Notasulga, but too late to save much of the corn.

—The residence of Dr. M. W. Creagh, of Demopolis, was burned Saturday night.

Ritualism.

There is much talk about ritualism now-a-days. It is not confined to the religious press, but the secular papers of the country not unfreqnently have their say on the subject. This talk is generally "all Greek" to the "world's people;" but, as a matter of curiosity, many would like to know what it means; and for the edification of such—to give them an idea of the great and vital importance of the question at issue, and to enable them to form a pretty correct estimate of the mental caliber of the believers in extreme "ritualism," we append the following extract from an exchange: "A book called '*Directorium Anglicanum*,'' has been issued in England in superb style; for the direction of clergymen of the Church of England in the celebration of the communion. Some of the instructions there given, rival the absurdest Talmudic precepts. The priest is told that before "mass" he must not wash his teeth, but only his lips, for fear of mingling water with his saliva; and that 'after mass he should be ware of expectorations until after he shall have eaten and drunken,' lest by chance he should spit out any atom of the 'body,' which 'shall have remained between the teeth.' The priest is also minutely directed what to do if a fly or spider shall have fallen into the 'blood,' and what penance he shall do if any of the 'blood' shall have dropped upon the table, or on the linen cloth; how the blood is to be sucked up, and the wood scraped, and the shavings burned, or the linen washed three times over the chalice, and the ashes or the ablution preserved with the relics. Even Rome would be ashamed of these disgusting details, some of which we suppress for decency's sake.

—There was a meeting of the Union League club in New York, on the 24th, to discuss the expediency of urging Congress not to adjourn. Through fear of Presidential action, most of the Republican politicians of New York favor a recess, without adjournment.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Night Dispatches.

FOREIGN.

VIENNA, July 26.—Political riots took place in Prague last week. The garrison of the city has been increased and quiet restored.

BERLIN, July, 26.—The Emperor Alexander of Russia has gone to Giessengen.

LONDON, July 26.—The ship Germania, Capt. Caldenway, which left Norway on the 7th of May last on an expedition to the north pole, was spoken in latitude 72, all well on board.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, July 26.—Parks, Moore and Jerrald, the Adams Express robbers, arrested at Mattoon, Cole county, Illinois, arrived at Seymour, Indiana, at half-past ten o'clock last night, and soon after left in a wagon with a guard for Brownstown, to be delivered to the sheriff of Jackson county. When near the vicinity where Clifton, Elliott and Roseberry were hung, the wagon was suddenly surrounded by about a hundred and fifty armed men, all masked, the guard overpowered and the prisoners taken out and hung. At last accounts they were still hanging to the same tree where the others were hung. Previous to the hanging, the prisoners were questioned as to the numerous robberies which have occurred in Jackson county, but with the exception of an acknowledgement of small depredations, nothing was gained from them.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Sherman presented the credentials of General Warner, Senator elect from Alabama, for the term ending March, 1871. Mr. Warner came forward and was sworn.

Sherman made a report from the Committee of Conference on the Funding bill; he explained the provisions of the bill as to the proposed amendment, saying that it applies to the whole of outstanding five-twenties, and he regretted to say the Committee had been obliged to recede from the provision legalizing the gold contracts. Report concurred in.

Mr. Henderson took the floor for a personal explanation, and denounced Secretary Butler's report on behalf of the impeachment managers in regard to the action of Senators on the impeachment trial. He said he had learned that the other six members connected had nothing to do with it. He denounced the investigation as a petty work of malice and calumny, disrespectful not only to the author of the report but disgraceful to the character of an American Congress. He spoke at considerable length, reviewing and criticizing the report, showing its unfairness, and charging that Mr. Butler suppressed important portions of the testimony and distorted, and perverted facts for malicious purposes.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Mr. and Mrs. Burlingame, with Cai Kang and Guee Chan, associated ministers from China, arrived here late last night, and were received by a large company at the Metropolitan Hotel. The reception was the celebration of the ratification of the treaty between the United States and China, and as an expression of grateful feeling of the Chinese Empire, manifested through her representatives, for the uniform courtesy and friendly spirit with which they have been received in Washington by all classes of society, without distinction of party. There were present heads of the several departments, members of the diplomatic corps with attaches, officers of the army and navy, judges of courts, members of Congress of both houses, and distinguished guests from different parts of the Union, together with several hundred others, including many ladies. The entertainment was more than ordinarily brilliant. Refreshments were provided in the dining-room of the hotel. The American and Chinese flags were fastened at the head of the table, where Mr. Burlingame and his associate ministers were seated, in company with Gen. Banks, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Quite an assemblage was attracted to the Capitol to-night, the lighting of the dome and Senate wing giving notice that the Senate was in session.

The President nominated to night Alex. Cummings, of Pennsylvania, to be Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Simon D. Johnson to be Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, J. Hubblefield as United States Attorney for the Middle District of Tennessee, Gen. W. G. Rosecrans as Minister to Mexico, and James G. Davis as Postmaster at Memphis.

The Senate went into executive session at quarter past nine o'clock in the evening.

The committee of conference on the funding bill have agreed upon a report.

It is expected that the ratification of the treaty between the United States and China will be exchanged to morrow.

TENNESSEE.

—A rousing Democratic meeting came off at Pocahontas on Saturday.

—Almost every county in the State is up and moving except old Hardeman.

—Rev. R. H. Rivers, formerly of Somerville, Tenn., is now writing the life and compiling the speeches of Gen. Wm. T. Haskell.

—Grapevines in and about Nashville are being stripped of their leaves by a species of bug never seen before.

—The Bolivar *Bulletin* of the 25th says: "We learn that a man named Chaflin was murdered by unknown persons in the edge of McNairy county yesterday two weeks ago. His body was found lying in a path a short distance from the residence of one of the Hursts, with three bullet holes in it. A pit was dug near the scene of the mysterious murder, and the body of Chaflin was rolled into it with poles. Strong suspicion rests on two young men of the neighborhood. No arrests were made."

—Last Wednesday night three white men, names unknown, rode up to the store of Col. Thomas Boyle, eleven miles west of this place, dismounted and went into the house where they found a son of the Colonel's about to retire to bed. They forced silence on his part, and then proceeded to help themselves to guns, pistols and whatever else suited their fancy.

MISSISSIPPI.

—We are creditably informed that gold ore in considerable quantity has been found on the land of Mr. Ayres, seven miles from Ripley, Tippah county, Mississippi. The discovery was made by an old California miner two or three weeks ago, who revealed the fact to the gentleman owning the land, on the condition that he was to get one-half of the mine. About forty or fifty hands are at work in the mine, and, so far, have succeeded in making it pay. Great excitement exists in the neighborhood in consequence. The precious metal is found in fine particles, embedded in a kind of soapstone, which, when dried, is pulverized and then the gold is washed out with a rocker.—*Bolivar Bulletin.*

GEORGIA.

—The Atlanta *New Era* of the 24th says: Yesterday morning Mr. A. T. Finney, who has a carriage repository on Broad street, for some reason discharged A. D. Foss, who was a painter in his shop. About one o'clock in the afternoon Foss went into Finney's store, when an altercation ensued, which resulted in Finney's stabbing Foss twice in the heart, resulting in almost instant death. Finney is in custody, and all comment is withheld until the affair undergoes legal investigation.

—The following Georgians have had their disabilities removed by Congress in the late bill passed: P. M. B. Young, R. W. Bell, H. H. Hook, Walter Brock, W. C. Daniel, W. T. Martin, John W. H. Underwood, Augustus R. Wright and C. E. Broyles.

ANOTHER DARING STREET ROBBERY.

A Man Robbed of $8,000 and a Gold Watch on the Broadway Bridge.

From the New York Herald of the 26th.]

A little after noon yesterday a young German, apparently about twenty years of age, while crossing the Broadway bridge, stopped to inquire the way to Maiden lane, which having learned, he was proceeding thither when he was startled by discovering the chain of his watch hanging loose, and upon examination found that his watch was gone. Recalled to a recollection of the fact that he had a large sum of money about him which in his excitemsnt he had forgotten, he immediately clapped his hand to his pocket only to be more startled at the discovery that his wallet containing $8,000—the proceed of some months of industry and speculative enterprise—had likewise disappeared. He was on his way to invest this amount in some business down town when thus robbed, and his grief at so unexpected a loss was as intense as the joy and excitement, no doubt, of the thief or thieves upon discovering their unexpected luck. The unfortunate victim has no clue whereby he might hope to cause their arrest.

THE NEW TAX LAW.

Dispatch from Commissioner Rollins to Collector Speed.

Collector Speed, of Louisville, received the following telegraphic dispatch from Commissioner Rollins:

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 24, 1868.

Philip Speed, Collector:

The new tax law took effect July 20th. Whisky fifty cents per gallon and four dollars per barrel; smoking tobacco sixteen; chewing thirty-two; oil exempt; spirits withdrawn on payment of tax; under present regulations inspectors' commissions expire on July 30th.

E. A. ROLLINS, Commissioner.

CHINA.

—It is reported that the crew of the American vessel Gen. Sherman, which was wrecked in Chinese waters, have been beheaded by the natives where they landed.

—Intelligence has been received in London up to the 12th, from Macao, China. The entire rebel army, which besieged Tien Teen, after abandoning the attempt to take that city, left Ruiao river and marched off in a southeasterly direction.

—Important news has also been received via Shanghae. The Makado has proclaimed a new edict against native Christians. Civil war continued.

—The party of the Shagoon was gaining strength. It was reported that Stobbs Baishi had raised an army of 200,000 men and assisted by a fleet of seven vessels of war, was seriously menacing the city of Yeddo.

—The natives in and around Osaka were throwing every obstacle in the way of foreigners to prevent them from buying land there according to treaty stipulations.

The Crops.

A heavy rain visited every portion of our county Thursday evening and Friday morning.—*Jackson Whig, 25th.*

Early corn has suffered to considerable extent, and, where deep ploughing was neglected, will prove almost worthless. Late corn is doing finely. Cotton plants are rapidly maturing, and, as a whole, appear to be in a flourishing condition. Several good rains have fallen during the past eight or ten days, though there are sections in this county that have not had a season of rain in ten weeks. Onions and Irish potatoes turned out finely, and are selling at reasonable rates.—*Bolivar Bulletin, 25th.*

We have consulted men from all sections of Union, and they tell us the crop is very fine, and much complaining of hot weather. Very little sickness.—*Union City Herald.*

We have had gentle and refreshing showers in abundance, and the crops now look green and luxuriant.—*Trenton Gazette.*

Cheap Living.

The Working Women's home, in New York city, has been making some interesting experiments in regard to cheap living. Last October a large establishment, capable of accommodating five hundred persons, was started for the purpose of furnishing reasonable board to industrious working women. The charge of $3 25 a week has been found ample to cover the expense of food, attendance and rent, with two hundred and thirty inmates. In order to enable the residents to economize still more, lodging and eating departments were organized separately. One dollar and a quarter is now charged for room rent, and food is furnished at wholesale cost, with a slight addition for the expense of servants' wages, fuel and breakages. Under this arrangement coffee and tea, with sugar and milk, can be furnished for two cents a cup; milk for two cents; meat for three cents a plate (in quantity equal to that of a cheap eatinghouse, where fifteen cents are charged); a slice of bread about five inches square and an inch thick for one cent; several potatoes for two cents; a plate of peas, beans, or other vegetables, for three cents; a pat of butter two cents; pudding, with sauce, four cents; pie, three cents; strawberries, four cents; huckleberries or blackberries, three cents; and other eatables in proportion. The provisions are bought of wholesale dealers in the markets.

B'nai B'rith Convention.

This Jewish society held session during the entire day yesterday, upon their new constitution, and voted upon it clause by clause. In the evening they held a secret session, in order to establish the ritual of their Order. This morning from ten until two they will again hold session upon the subject of the constitution, and afterwards visit the Jewish Orphan Asylum and the new Temple on Fifth avenue. During the afternoon they will attend a picnic at Elm Park, and to-morrow afternoon resume their session.—*N. Y. Times, 24th.*

THERE is a Yankee in Springfield who rides a great deal in the omnibus, and always sits near the forward end, so as pass up the fare of his fellow-passengers. Each one gives him, naturally, a ten cent piece, but he gives the driver instead a ticket, which, as he buys them in quantities, costs him but nine cents. Heuce profit, and in the future, it is to be presumed, enormous wealth.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

Attention, Sir Knights!

THE Stated Conclave of Cyrene Commandery, No. 4, of Knights Templar, will be held in their Asylum, No. 2?? Front street, on Monday Evening, July 27th, at 8 o'clock. A prompt attendance of every member is desired.

Visiting Sir Knights are fraternally invited.

By command of JOHN ZENT, E. Commander.

N. J. WIGGIN, Recorder. je26 2t

Memphis Female College.

TWENTY-NINTH SESSION.—We shall organize the FORMS in this College, according to previous announcement, for the ensuing scholastic year of forty weeks, on TUESDAY, September 1, 1868. For circulars, giving full particulars, apply to the Principal at the College, or at the BOOKSTORES.

jy23 tse9 M. A. E. MORGAN, Principal.

To the Merchants of Memphis.

An Excellent Advertising Medium.

THE BOLIVAR BULLETIN, printed at Bolivar, Hardeman county, Tenn., by M. H. PARRISH, is one of the best advertising mediums within a hundred miles of Memphis—advocates Memphis trade, and circulates in a half dozen of the best counties back of Memphis. Advertisements inserted at low rates

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No Restrictions upon Acclimated Persons, or to RESIDENCE OR TRAVEL.

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je21 3m

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Latest styles of Cornelius & Baker's celebrated manufacture, for sale at Factory Prices.

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4th—We will continually have our buyers in the East watching the market and attending the Trade Auction Sales, buying Bargains, which we will again Sell as Bargains.

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We would especially invite all WHOLESALE BUYERS to give us a call before purchasing their Fall Stocks.

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FOR RENT—Up-stairs, No. 19 Jefferson street, two Rooms suitable for offices or sleeping Rooms. Apply at Appeal office. mh1

FOR RENT.—Two handsome Rooms in the third story of the building, No. 12 Adams street, suitable for offices or sleeping apartments. Also, the spacious basement of the same building. Apply at the store on the premises. ma31 tf

FOR RENT.—A FINE COTTAGE RESIdence with seven acres of Garden Land, on the Randolph road, two miles from Court Square, and just outside the corporate limits, will be rented low to a good prompt paying tenant. Present crop, etc., for sale low. Apply to T. GRAVES, Memphis Cotton Press, 184 Madison street. ma30 tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—Beautiful, shaded and choice Building LOTS, fronting on favorite residence streets, either cleared or with fine forest trees—very low. W. A. WHEATLEY, Agent Mrs. Col. Preston, No. 5 Bethel Block. jy22 2m

FOR SALE ON TEN YEARS TIME—Eleven Acres of Land, three miles from Court Square, corner of Central and Trezevant Avenues, adjoining the lands of Col. N. M. Trezevant. RICE & ENGEL, 248 Main street. jy21 tf

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS—My lands, 5 miles east of the city, are for sale on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 3 acres to 300. My residence, with from 14 to 25 acres of land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Royster, Trezevant & Co., my agents, in the city. N. M. TREZEVANT. je17

FOR SALE.—Having determined to change our business, we offer for sale our small but well selected STOCK OF GROCERIES, and a lease on one of the BEST BUSINESS HOUSES in the city. We will sell also a splendid suburban RESIDENCE, 2½ miles from the city, near Gill's Station, with 10 acres of ground, with all the necessary improvements. Apply to WEBB, MITCHELL & CO., No. 13 Union street, Lee Block. je7 tf

WANTS.

WANTED.—One White Boy and two White Girls for a hotel in the country. Inquire of JOS. HAYNES, 238 Front street. jy24

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—AN EXPERIenced Surgeon to take charge of the Surgical Department of Russell's Dispensary. Address, for one week, Dr. J. B. all SELL, Memphis, Tenn. jy22 3t

WANTED—By a lady of some experience, a situation as assistant in some female academy, or governess to some family. Good references given and required. Address S., Carolina, care of 252 Front street. jy21 1w

WANTED TO RENT—A Furnished House containing from four to six rooms for the summer months, for which a liberal rent will be paid promptly. Address immediately J. A. P., Overton Hotel. jy21

WANTED—An experienced Planter or Overseer to take charge of a Cotton and Corn Plantation. The best of references required. Apply to J. W. T. DD, at Edmonds, Todd & Co., 248 Front street, Memphis. jy18

WANTED.—Any one addressing a communication to "J. L.," Appeal office, describing locality, terms and all particulars concerning a small FARM on either of the railroads for sale, may find a reliable purchaser. jy14 tf

W. H. MOORE, AGENT,

4 1-2 Madison Street.

je21 3m

WANTED.—A DWELLING HOUSE CONTAINING 4 to 6 rooms by a family of three persons, All grown. Must be centrally located. Address Richard, Appeal office. ma31

WANTED.—A situation as Book-keeper, Assistant Book-keeper or Clerk, by a young man who has had ten years experience. Best city reference given, if desired. Address V., Appeal office. je30 tf

WANTED.—A GOOD COOK, WASHER AND Ironer—a white woman, with references. Apply at 346 Linden street. je4

WANTED.—A SMALL FARM NEAR THE city of Memphis, of which possession can be given immediately. Address A. B., Appeal office stating terms, location, etc. ma30 tf

Liberal Conditions. Equitable Rates. Prompt Settlements.

THE GEORGIA HOME INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Columbus, Ga. Incorporated 1859.

Paid in Capital.....$350 000 00
Assets January 1, 1868.....416,280 87

$20,000 IN BONDS DEPOSITED WITH the Comptroller of Tennessee.

Blank forms furnished, and all inquiries promptly answered, on application in person or by letter.

JAS. F. BOZEMAN, Pres't. D. F. WILCOX, Sec'y.

W. H. MOORE, Agent, 4 1-2 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn. je21 3m

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—One or two gentlemen with wives can obtain board at moderate rates. The best and REAREST neighborhood in the city. None but those who can give unexceptionable references need apply, to C. M., care Appeal office. je10 tf

MENKEN BROTHERS' 12TH SEMI-ANNUAL REDUCTION SALE —OF— DRY GOODS!

CONSISTING OF

PRINTS, DOMESTICS,

SILKS, LINEN LAWNS,

ALSO, ENTIRE STOCK OF

DRESS GOODS —AND— LACE MANTLES

BARGAINS EXTRAORDINARY

ARE OFFERED TO

WHOLESALE & RETAIL BUYERS

jy1 1m

THEO. HOERNER,

Graduated Chemist and Druggist,

54 AND 56 BEAL STREET, CORNER SECOND, Memphis, Tenn. Particular attention paid to the Prescription and Analytical departments, and besides all the articles usually kept in a well stocked Drug Store. Particular attention is paid to the Prescription Department, and also to Chemical Analytical examinations in any line. MYRODA WATER is unsurpassed by any in the city, as the syrups are only made from fresh fruits. jy22 3m

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office---No. 13 Jefferson Street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily, except Sunday	2:40 p.m.	4:15 p.m.
Sardis accom'n, daily, except Sunday	8:30 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Freight, (North Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; South, Monday, Wednesday and Friday)	3:35 p.m.	6:20 a.m.

Takes effect Sunday, June 28, 1868.

A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY Gen. TICKET AG't. je28

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	6:30 p.m.	12:40 p.m
Through Express	10:40 p.m.	11:30 p.m

(This train does not leave Saturdays.)

Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sundays) at ..... 6:00 a.m
Somerville Accommodation daily (except Sunday) ..... 8:25 a.m. 5:10 p.m

Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than city time.

Ticket office, 278 Main street and at Depot.

W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express	7:00 a.m.	3:35 p.m
Night Express	4:00 p.m.	9:15 a.m

Railroad Time 15 minutes faster than city.

Ticket offices No. 267½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.

SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

CITY MATTERS.

NOTICE.

City subscribers to the APPEAL, daily or weekly, who may desire to leave the city for the summer, can have their papers sent them regularly by leaving a memorandum at the Counting-room of the APPEAL, No. 13 Jefferson street.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Correspondents who wish to have any attention paid to their communications must observe the following rules:

Be brief, concise and to the point, avoid the "flowers of rhetoric," and confine yourself to a plain statement of facts. Write on but one side of the paper in a clear hand, and with pen and ink, giving your words and sentence plenty of room. In all cases the real name and address of the writer must accompany the manuscript. Articles which redound to personal or individual benefit, or are of a personal nature, will only be inserted as "advertisements" or "paid cards."

CALENDAR.—July—7th Month.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

MOON.	DAY.	TIME AT MEMPHIS.
Full	4th.	2 h. 39 minutes.
Third Quarter	11th.	6 h. 40 minutes.
New	19th.	3 h. 56 minutes.
First Quarter	26th.	7 h. 51 minutes.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY—*Monday.*—Sun rises 5:10; sets 7:02.

DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The meeting of delegates to select a Congressman and Electors for the Eighth District of Tennessee, will be held at Brownsville on the 10th of August.

THANKS to Felix Cross, Esq., of the Southern Express, for a batch of the latest papers.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE meets at 12 o'clock to-day. A full meeting is expected.

THE DRAYMEN meet to-night, distress warrants having been issued by the County Clerk against them.

THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL, Jefferson street, is the most centrally located and one of the best hotels in town. Try it.

GINS FOR SALE.—J. A. Wiggs, Esq., offers for sale several new cotton gins, of fifty, sixty and seventy saws. See his advertisement elsewhere.

PERSONAL.—A. T. Lacey, Esq., of the firm of Lacey & McGee, returned to this city yesterday. He has been absent four months—in Washington, we believe.

CROWDED OUT.—The immense press upon our space Saturday night, caused several articles intended for the Sunday APPEAL to be crowded out. Among these was the poem "Octodecima," which we will publish next Sunday.

ACCIDENTAL SHOOTING.—Yesterday morning about four o'clock Mr. Mike Hewitt, of the Empire saloon, accidentally shot himself in the thigh with a pistol which he was handling carelessly. The wound, though severe and painful, is not considered dangerous, being merely in the flesh.

BEAT THIS.—There are two lads, folders, in our office, who yesterday folded, mail size (five folds,) fifty-four papers each, in three minutes, being at the rate of eighteen per minute. This is extraordinary folding—seventeen per minute being considered extremely rapid work.

PLEASANT.—To have your neighbor's young ones, all of whom are blessed with magnificent lungs, set up a howl every evening just as you sit down to write up your day's work. We do not know of anything more delightful, unless it be the music of a half dozen pair of love sick tomcats under one's window when he is right sleepy.

THE HOWARD ASSOCIATION.—At a meeting of the Howard Association, held Sunday morning, July 26th, 1868, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: John Park, President; R. W. Ainslie, First Vice President; Jack Horne, Second Vice President; A. A. Hyde, Treasurer; J. P. Gallagher, Recording Secretary; A. G. Reynaud, Corresponding Secretary. A vote of thanks was unanimously given to the old Board, and also a vote of thanks to Messrs. Nourse & Matthews, for the use of their office.

JOE LOCKE, at his news stand, has all the magazines for August, including Godey's, Harper's, The Land We Love, the New Eclectic and Lippincott's. The weeklies are also in—Frank Leslie's, Harper's, Harper's Bazar, Le Monde Illustre, Le Bon Ton, The Day's Doings, Sporting Times, Clipper, New York Illustrated, The Police Gazette, Police News, Emerald, Pilot, Scientific American, Field and Farm, Spirit of the Times, The Country Gentleman, Dixie Farmer, and a host of others too numerous to mention. Call and see him.

THE MAGAZINES FOR AUGUST.—On our table, in addition to those already noticed, we have the *New Eclectic* and the *Land We Love*. The latter comes to us as usual, freighted with the aroma of present love for our own oppressed country, its present, its future and its mourntful, but glorious past. It contains fifteen original articles from the most gifted pens of the South. The frontispiece is a beautiful steel plate engraving of Gen. Ashby.

The *New Eclectic*, an enterprise of which the present number is the fourth of volume second, is one of the most readable and excellent of all the periodicals that come to us. It is full of choice matter, and we congratulate Messrs. Turnbull & Murdoch on their success. The magazine is published in New York and Baltimore, and we can assure our readers that they can pick it up without the fear of being outraged, nauseated and insulted by such vile stuff as is furnished by such magazines as *Harpers' Monthly*.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. Blair has removed his office from corner of Adams and Second streets to No. 225 Main street, Worsham House Block. jy21 1w

Go to 321 Main street for fruit jars.

BANKRUPTCY SALE.—Fancy Goods, Perfumery, etc., at No. 195 Main street, for ten days only. jy24 eod 10t

THE CAMPAIGN.

THE DEMOCRACY OF THE TENTH WARD IN COUNCIL.—Pursuant to a call in the morning papers of Saturday, the old and reliable citizens of the northern portion of the Eleventh Ward met at Dunn's place, on the Pigeon Roost road, head of Vance street, Saturday evening, to form a Democratic Seymour and Blair club.

On motion of M. Boland, Col. W. C. Anderson was called to the chair, and Capt. J. H. Healy was appointed Secretary.

On taking the chair, Col. Anderson, who has been a long-life Whig, made some apt and pointed remarks, urging men of all former shades of politics to forget them and unite in one great party which has for its aim the destruction of Radicalism.

Speeches were made by Capt. Healy, Messrs. Boland, Connell and others, and on motion of Capt. Healy a Committee of Seven were appointed to form a permanent organization, as follows: Sam Cowan, Esq., Col. Duff. M. Boling, Thos. McBride, Esq., Judge George Dixon, W. C. Anderson, Esq., Judge James, and M. C. Gibbons, Esq. The Committee to report on Thursday evening next, at same time and place, to which time the meeting adjourned.

Before adjournment a resolution requesting the city papers favorable to the cause to publish a call for the meeting on Thursday next, was passed.

COLORED DEMOCRATIC MEETING. The undersigned colored citizens of Memphis will hold a meeting in the Stillman Block on Friday, 31st inst. for the purpose of organizing a regular Democratic club. We earnestly request every one of our race who desire to give peace, fraternity and tranquility to the country, and who desire to prevent a war of races, to attend and co-operate with us in establishing a Democratic club.

Thomas Shavers,	Jackson Jones,
Thomas Avent,	Wm. Foster,
Thomas Epps,	Robert Smith,
Burley Mitchell,	Wm. Anderson,
Hugh Morton,	John F. Harris,
Alexander Poll,	Robert Alexander,
Nicholas Alexander,	A. M. Thomas,
Lit Glass,	David E. Burns,
T. G. Gallagher,	G. W. Brown,
Peter Brown,	T. M. Turner,
Harry Brown,	Lawrence Johnson,
Charles Brown,	Ned Adams,
Edmund Crawford,	Samuel Riley,
Edmund Ferguson,	Wm. Downes,
Marengo Johnson,	Alexander Glover,
John Quigley,	James Watkins.

INDEPENDENT SEYMOUR CLUB.—The regular meeting of the Young Men's Independent Seymour Club, will be held at their headquarters, Firemen's Hall, corner Adams and Second streets, on Monday evening, July 27, at 8 o'clock. As business of importance will be brought before the meeting, it is requested that every member will be on hand punctually at the hour designated. The club will be addressed during the evening by Maj. Irving Halsey, Capt. C. W. Gulick, formerly of the staff of Ex-Governor Seymour, of New York, Col. Crowley, of Richmond, Virginia, and others.

By order of
R. A. THOMPSON, President.
C. H. DAVENPORT, Secretary.

GRAND MASS MEETING OF THE EIGHTH WARD DEMOCRATIC CLUB.—A Mass Meeting of the above Club will be held on Wednesday evening, the 29th instant, at Poplar Street Market Square, where all citizens are most respectfully invited to attend, as there will be a number of prominent speakers on hand. Seats for ladies will be provided. By order of the EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

SECOND WARD.—The Second Ward Democratic Club will meet at the Exchange Buildings on Tuesday night. Every Democrat in the ward is respectfully invited to attend.

By order of the President.
J. V. SAVAGE, Secretary.

To the Citizens of Shelby County.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

To hit all the voting materials of the county is no small job, and yet it is very material that the Central Club should have a full list of the citizens of the county rated as *voters or non voters*. This may be very easily accomplished. Let every man in the county favorable to the election of Seymour send his name to the club in his ward or civil district, and state whether he is a voter or *non*-voter. If he can't attend the meetings of the club, no matter; it is all the same. Attend the meetings of the club if you can; if not, send in your name, any how. Give your name to the cause if you can't give your time. Drop a note to the President or Secretary, and let the latter record the name. If all in favor of Seymour will do this, what's left won't be much. In the meantime, let the enrolling committees prosecute their work. W.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.—It is an undoubted fact that the general adoption of Life Insurance would be a great public benefit, for it would reduce taxation, and protect the public funds and the industry of the people. If every man upon whom others were dependent for support, would secure a life insurance policy, commensurate with his station in life and the contingent wants of those who were thus dependent, poverty, want and suffering would soon become comparatively unknown, and pauperism and crime would be proportionately eradicated. These facts are patent, and there are but few men now-a-days who are not thoroughly convinced of the obligation they are under to society and themselves, to insure against all contingencies in the future. The only difficulty with most men now is in what company to insure. Leaving this *questio vexata* to be settled by documents that have more space in which to argue the matter, we beg leave to call the attention of our friends—especially business men—to a reason why they should patronize the St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company. All the earnings of this Company are employed and the most of the money paid by it for losses is distributed in the Southwest—thus building up the institutions of the Mississippi Valley, instead of going to swell the bloated coffers of the Northern and Eastern capitalists—men whose means and influence have ever been used to make the South and West subservient to a merely sectional domination. This one reason, if no other, should cause you to call upon Messrs. McMahon & Otis, the agents, No. 43 Madison street, Kit Williams block.

THE SODALITY CORNET BAND.—We had the pleasure of examining yesterday the silver instruments for the Sodality Cornet Band of St. Peter's Church, which arrived yesterday. They are perfect in workmanship and finish, and if they are only made to sound as well as they look, would do for a band for St. Cecelia herself. The band consists of twelve pieces, and cost, laid down in the Sodality hall, seven hundred and thirty-nine dollars—twenty dollars of which, however, were given by Mr. O'Brien of the Southern Express Company, as the cost of transportation. We understand that the young gentlemen composing the band have been practising meanwhile to good advantage, with instruments borrowed for the occasion, and are now quite adepts in several tunes.

LLOYD, CLARKE & Co. have fruit jars.

BANKRUPTCY SALE.—Fancy Goods, Perfumery, etc., at No. 195 Main street, for ten days only jy24 eod 10t

WHITE'S STATION.

Formation of a Democratic Club for the Sixteenth District.

[The following is the conclusion of the report of the meeting at White's Station on Saturday. By some misunderstanding, it failed to be furnished in time to get into our yesterday's issue:]

At three p.m. the audience were again called to order by Major R P. Mason, who stated that they had met to organize a Democratic Club for the Sixteenth District.

On motion, Col. Trousdale and Capt. George A. Mathes were requested to act as Secretaries.

The following was the committee of organization: Capt. A. B. Haynes, N. C. Perkins, J. M. Brooks, R. D. Goodwin, Col. Trousdale and George A. Mathes.

S. H. Jones was appointed President by acclamation; J. H. Goodlett, B. M. McCullough, Vice Presidents; J. M. Brooks, Recording Secretary, and J. H. Frotter, Corresponding Secretary.

Captain Haynes was requested to address the citizens of White's Station on the first Saturday in August.

The following Executive Committee was appointed: Ben. McCullough, R. M. Mason, G. C. Holmes, A. B. Haynes and W. M. Brooks.

Colonel Trousdale then addressed the meeting in a chaste and appropriate style, and was listened to with marked attention.

The meeting then adjourned.

The utmost harmony and unity of feeling prevailed throughout, and all went away feeling that great good had been done in the cause of Democracy, as well as the industrial department of the country.

TIPTON ALL RIGHT.

Captain Van Anderson returned yesterday from Tabernacle, Tipton county, and reports that everything is lovely and the goose hangs high in old Tipton. A rousing meeting was held there on Saturday, addressed by Gen. Ruffin, Mayor Leftwich, Mr. Rose, and Capt. Van Anderson, and winding up in an old fashioned barbecue. The ladies were out in force, and over a thousand persons were present—the greatest of harmony, good will and enthusiasm prevailing among white and black.

PERSONAL.

Maj. Gen. George H. Thomas is in the city, stopping at the Overton. We were delighted and astonished to learn from a friend that this distinguished officer, who is one of the ablest and bravest soldiers that were in the army of the Union, avowed himself yesterday, in a private conversation, in favor of enfranchising the now disfranchised whites of the South; and further, that *he is not and never was a Radical*, in the sense that the word is generally used. We are most sincerely delighted to be able to make these sentiments of the gallant soldier known, as they will have a tremendous weight with the people whom he represents.

THE BOAT RACE.—We are requested to make a few corrections in the report given of the boat race in the Evening *Ledger* of Saturday, by several gentlemen of the crew of the Ivanhoe. As we did not see the race, we made no report of it, except the short notice in the River column.

The inaccuracies of the *Ledger* report are as follows:

First—The distance pulled, instead of one mile down and return, as stated by the *Ledger*, was a mile and a half down and return, measured on the Arkansas shore and around the sand bar, making the distance fully one mile and three-quarters each way.

Second—The Essex, at the turn, instead of being two lengths ahead of her competitor, was scarcely a half length.

Third—The boats did not start together, but the Essex got fully one good pull before the Ivanhoe knew that the signal to go had been given, not having been informed how the signal would be given.

Fourth—Coming in, the difference in time was only eight seconds, which shows that the statement that the Essex was five lengths, or 165 feet ahead, could not possibly be so.

With these trifling inaccuracies, the account of the *Ledger* is in the main correct.

A QUIET DAY.—What good angel has taken our city in charge? It presented yesterday, throughout the entire day, an example of peace and quietness and obedience to law and order unsurpassed, if equaled, by any city of its size in the Union. Not a single arrest was made during the twelve hours beginning at 6 o'clock a.m. and ending at 6 p.m.! The police were, withal, more than ordinarily vigilant, keeping especially an eye upon the drinking saloons—not one of which, that we know of, had a side door open, as has usually been the custom. We suppose the late report of the Grand Jury had something to do with that fact, in stimulating the police to a greater watchfulness and a more prompt, impartial and thorough discharge of their duties. It is extremely gratifying to record such a condition of affairs in the midst of a hot and excited political canvass, in which not only two parties and two races are arrayed against each other, but one of the parties and races—the great fraternal Radical—is at open and deadly feud with itself. Whatever the cause be that brought about this white stone day in our calendar, we hope it may be perpetual, though that would be rather hard on item-seekers, coroners and our ilk.

BANKRUPTCY SALE.—Fancy Goods, Perfumery, etc., at No. 195 Main street, for ten days only. jy24 eod 10t

FOR TEN DAYS ONLY.—W. Y. Cirode, assignee of P. I. Huette & Co., bankrupts, will sell the balance of the stock at No. 195 Main street, at twenty per cent. below New York and manufacturers' cost, in lots to suit purchasers. Fancy goods, drugs, paints, oils, perfumery, etc. jy23 eod 10t

FRUIT JARS at Lloyd, Clarke & Co.'s

Business, Visiting and Wedding Cards Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

THE allotted time of Dr. James' stay in Memphis having expired, he will in future be addressed at his home office, 91 and 93 Randolph street, Chicago, and postoffice address, box 5863 Chicago, Ill. See advertisement in another column, for particulars.

TURTLE SOUP.—Vetter Dreizigacker, of the Monroe Exchange, No. 35 Monroe street, again informs the public that he has received and will sacrifice to the appetites of the patrons of the Exchange, a huge GREEN TURTLE, just from Florida. Free to everybody to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock! He has the best of wines and liquors in his bar, and his lager beer is from the celebrated brewery of Wm. Stumpf, in St. Louis. Beer five cents a glass, except at lunch time, when it is ten cents. 2t

BANKRUPTCY SALE.—Fancy Goods, Perfumery, etc., at No. 195 Main street, for ten days only. jy24 eod 10t

DON'T forget that our sale at cost for Boots and Shoes and Hats still continues at our old stand, 279 Main street.

J. T. HANDLAN & CO.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

CAIRO, July 26.—Luminary passed up at 9 a.m. Tacony passed down at 4 p.m. River fell five inches.

LOUISVILLE, July 26.—Arrived, Argosy.

LOUISVILLE, July 25.—The river is swelling slowly, with 3 feet 5 inches in the canal.

Thermometer 87.

ST. LOUIS, July 25.—The river is falling slowly.

MEMPHIS, July 27.—Weather clear and pleasant. The river yesterday fell three inches. The St. Francis is low and only navigable to Wittsburg. The Arkansas is unchanged, except that some improvement is noted in the channel which is cutting out. There is thirty inches to Pine Bluff. White river has four and a half feet to Augusta.

Arrivals.

Steamer Frank Pargoud, St. Louis.
" City of Cairo, St. Louis.
" Mollie Hambleton, St. Francis.
" Natoma, Napoleon.

Departures.

Steamer Frank Pargoud, New Orleans.

In Port.

Steamers City of Cairo, Mollie Hambleton and Natoma.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Yesterday, like all Sundays, was a dull day upon the levee.

The Frank Pargoud passed down with a fair trip.

The Mollie Hambleton, Captain Bowman, leaves on Tuesday for all points on the St. Francis.

The Natoma, Captain Lee, with Fields, Whitehead and Lee in the office, backs out to-day for Napoleon. She connects with the American for Little Rock, and the Plain City for Vicksburg.

The City of Cairo, Captain Crane—Billy Blenker, Clerk, leaves this evening for Cairo and St. Louis, connecting with the Northern Line steamers for St. Paul.

The New York has been chartered by the Memphis Packet Company at Cincinnati, and comes into this trade during low water. Stein will command.

Captain Bowman will contract for a new boat, to take the place of the Mollie Hambleton, before her return from Louisville.

Captain Morris Brady, an old New Orleans pilot, died in St. Louis, of paralysis, on Friday.

The Natoma brought up the machinery, etc., from the wreck of the Centralia, and reshipped it upon the Gleaner for Cincinnati.

The Gleaner, Capt. Blaisdell, leaves on Tuesday for Cairo and Cincinnati. Garrett Huls is her clerk.

The United States Mail packet, Commercial, Captain Wm. Ashford, leaves on Tuesday, for White River. Charley Smithers and his brother John are in the office.

The Indiana has laid up at Paducah.

Among the Upper Country Boatmen.

ST. LOUIS, July 25, 1868.

River Editor of the Appeal:

On a recent trip among the boat folks of the Upper Mississippi, I found so many lively spirits—several, too, well known in former days among your Memphis packets—that I wish to say something about them through the river column of the favorite APPEAL.

First I must relate that early one morning not long since I found myself nearly lost on the St. Louis levee, and much bewildered in mind at the wonderful changes and improvements of the great city since I last visited it, ten years before.

The first familiar phiz I met was that of Capt. J. Frank Hicks, who, seeing I needed a pilot, kindly invited me to accompany him on a walk to the upper levee, where the gay

MAGENTA

is undergoing repairs, and getting ready for the cotton trade in Southern waters next fall. A great upheaving and overhauling is going on aboard of her, the cabin having been raised three feet, and transformations under way that, in a few more weeks, will make her as brilliant and gay as a young bride. About the first of October she will make her advent in front of Memphis, and, in connection with the great Belle Lee, will form a weekly line to New Orleans, leaving every Wednesday throughout the season.

After a night on the Magenta I found Col. L. J. Dupree, of the *Times*, and together we called at the office of

E. B. BYINGTON,

on Fourth street, near the Southern Hotel. "By" is cosily ensconced, looks happy, gay and festive, and was found as of yore, ready to give all sorts of items and information to travelers, no matter where they might wish to go.

Next in company with Mr. Randall, river reporter of the *Times*, a visit was made to Maj. W. N. Starke, secretary and agent of the Keokuk opposition steamers. The Major was as gay and dashing as when in his gray uniform on a spirited charger he did service on A. P. Hill's staff, and performed valorous deeds of chivalry and soldier service in the Lost Cause. He told us of his

KEOKUK PACKET LINE,

the Tom Jasper, Mollie McPike and Victory, that make regular trips every day to Keokuk, and carry everything and every body wishing to travel along this two hundred mile route. He started me up the river on the Victory, and though the weather was warm, with the mercury way up in the minutes, yet we had a very pleasant time to Quincy. Mr. Steen, an affable young gentleman, is clerk on the Victory, and after we had run about Quincy city several hours, he turned us over to the care of Captain Davidson, on the Itasca, a Northwestern Union steamer, bound for St. Paul. She belongs to what they call the

WHITE COLLAR LINE,

and when we backed away from the wharf we had some fun. A brass band commenced discoursing sweet music on our boiler deck. Before the soft strains had floated on the swelling breeze very much, the rival Northern line steamer Hawkeye, astonished us by showing another band that laid ours entirely in the shade. Their negro deck hands had improvised a comical affair on their own hook. The performers were attired in coon skin caps, red flannel shirts and all sorts of pants. Their instruments were dingy looking tin horns, and like their music all alike, except a half keg drum, a pig trough banjo, and an odd looking pig squeaking sort of a thing that made a horrible noise, on the Chinese cymbal order. In serenading our departure, their horrid din completely drowned our music. Some thought it was very funny. It was up—a bit so; but it was extremely ludicrous and annoying.

From Quincy up we ran close in rear of the Hawkeye, the crack boat of the opposition, until just below Dubuque, where upon turning a sharp point, we discovered our rival wooding. She was taken unawares, and supposed us far behind. Her hands dropped their wood and she backed out several lengths ahead of us. But her steam was light, and we found no difficulty in passing her handsomely, amid the cheers of our passengers, the music of our band and the total silence of hers.

Upon reaching Dubuque, we changed over to the Milwaukee, bidding everybody on the Itasca a reluctant good bye. Mr. Stonebreaker, her polite purser, used to run on the Robert Burns in your trade, and as he was a public favorite there, so he is up this way. Capt. Davidson was also as kind as he could be.

We went over to the Milwaukee, and found Capt. Jud. West and A. B. Hatcher. "Pol" used to run on the St. Patrick some years since, and is well liked here, as he is everywhere. Finding us from Memphis, he gave us a cordial reception, and when he got done doing his best, he politely turned us over to Capt. Jack Rainy and Mr. E. M. Paul, on the "Sheridan." Capt. Sencerbox, another jovial spirit, got in the crowd on the same steamer, also Hank Terrill, who invented the amusing "bug game," that was carried on so long, to the infinite enjoyment of a heap of folks, on the St. Louis and Memphis packet boats, on which Hank was employed. There were other boat people that I could tell about, well known down your way; but I will only add, that if you can just come up here, you will find them a real jolly set of good fellows, and they will make you experience the jolliest sort of a time, just as they are all having, in their nice summer berths, all the time you may wish to stay here. CREOLE.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. Mortimore at Buena Vista Springs, Russellville, Kentucky.

BUENA VISTA SPRINGS, RUSSELLVILLE, Logan county, Ky.—My friends in the South who desire to consult or place themselves under my treatment, can address or come and consult me personally from this date until 1st of October next, at this favorite Watering Place, and these justly celebrated Mineral Springs. As heretofore, I will still devote my attention to treatment of all the various forms of CHRONIC DISEASES, especially to *Diseases of the Lungs* and Organs of the Chest, as also all the various afflictive forms of FEMALE DISEASES.

je9 d3tawawdm D. MORTIMORE, M. D.

Early Marriages.—Dr. Franklin advocated Early Marriages. Essays for Young Men, on this and other subjects, being a GUIDE TO MARRIAGE and Conjugal Felicity, by benevolent Physicians, sent by mail, in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa. ma31 3m

WINES AND LIQUORS.

D. H. EVANS.

Importer and Wholesale Dealers in

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ma15 tf

NATHAN BROTHERS & CO.

Importers of and Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, ETC.,

No. 244 Front Street,

(UNDER THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL,)

MEMPHIS, TENN.

KEEP constantly on hand the largest and best selected stock of Rhine Wine. mh20

A. VACCARO, B. VACCARO, M. NAGEVNEY, JR. A. B. VACCARO.

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BUCK EYE SALVE,

A CERTAIN CURE FOR PILES.

Sold by CHANDLER & CO., jy1 236 Main street.

IMPORTANT!

THERE never was a time when Home Interests were so much in need of patronage and encouragement as now. All see and admit this, and all are willing to help build them up if they can do so upon such terms as shall not cost an excessive sacrifice.

The subscribers intend to offer from this time henceforward, at prices equal to the best from any quarter, heavy goods, made by the following and other Cotton Mills, viz: Manassas Mills, Miss; Florence Mills, Prattville Mills, Staffordville Mills, Ala; Lawrenceburg Mills, Oregon Mills, Mills, Tenn.; Maysville Mills, Ky. Besides a great variety of other Heavy Plantation Goods, from various Maryland Mills.

In addition, we intend to keep full lines all sorts Staple Dry Goods, Hosiery, Notions, etc., etc., bought for Cash, and offered on same terms. Believing that those Home Where buyers may not happen to have immediate control of their funds, we will sell them at Cash Prices, allowing interest from date for Short City Acceptance. We will have New Goods constantly arriving at

W. R. MOORE & CO'S, jy24 1m No. 294 Main street

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WANTED AT MEMPHIS CITY SAVINGS INSTITUTION, corner Jefferson and Front streets:

Miss. Central R. R. 1st and 2d Mortg. Bonds.
Miss. and Tenn. R. R. 2d Mortg. Bonds.
M. and L. R. R. R. 1st Mortg. Bonds.
Memphis and Ohio 10 per cent. Bonds.
Memphis and Ohio 6 per cent. Mortg. Bonds.
Memphis City Bonds.
Memphis City Indorsed Bonds.
Mobile and O. R. R. 8 per cent. Sterling Bonds.
Mobile and O. R. R. 7 per cent. Interest Bonds.
Mobile and O. R. R. Income Bonds.
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jan10 tf E. C. KIRK, Cashier.

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HAVE REMOVED THEIR LARGE STOCK of Books and Stationery to the commodious Store No. 297, a few doors south of their old stand, No. 279, being the old stand of Messrs. Elson & Bros., third door north of Messrs. Mansfield & Higbee's Drug Store, and between Messrs. W. R. Moore and Friedman & Bros.

We solicit a liberal trade from both the city and country. We purpose to give a full consideration for your money. "SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK RETURNS," shall be our motto.

All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. H. WADE & CO.

☞ Don't forget the number of the Store, 297 Main Street. jy16

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Books Open for Subscription.

CALL ON

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Room 5, over Commercial Bank.

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COTTON GINS.

FOR SALE, three 60-Saw Gins, one 75-Saw Gin, one 80-Saw Gin. These gins can be seen at J. C. Hill & Co.'s warehouse, Court street. Address J. A. WIGGS, care Appeal office. Will sell cheap for cash or city acceptance. jy26 1m

To Builders—Georgia Roofing Slate

WE offer for sale, in quantities to suit purchasers, a superior article of Roofing Slate from the Georgia Quarries, said to be equal to the Welch, and not subject to crack by heat as the Vermont and others, and which will be sold as low or lower than any Slate in market. ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO., jy3 tf Sole Agents in Memphis.

Extension Step Ladders.

THEY recommend themselves. Useful to the merchant and mechanic, the farmer and the housekeeper. We have just received an assorted lot from the manufacturers. Call and see them.

We keep up our usual supply of the best Coal Oil, Lamps, Soaps and Tinware.

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OFFICE:

Corner Third and Madison Streets,

jy26 MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE.

A CARD.

MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK, MEMPHIS, TENN., July 22, 1868.

This Bank will recommence business on Monday, 27th inst., under an arrangement with the Metropolitan National Bank of New York, which will insure entire safety to depositors and correspondents, with fresh capital for the transaction of all strictly legitimate business.

Upon the final conclusion of this important negotiation, I can tender to the stockholders of the Bank, and to the mercantile community of Memphis, my sincere congratulations.

REDIUK McKEE,
For the Comptroller of the Currency.

Referring to above card, we take pleasure in announcing to our friends and this community, that this Bank will reopen for business on

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

MASONIC DIRECTORY. 1868.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 188. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. B. Forster, 294 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. A. J. Wheeler, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, corner Madison and Second. Moses Seelig, W. M.; C. Curtis, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 299. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. H. J. Lynn, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 341. Meets 4th Friday of each month—at South Memphis Hall, corner of Madison and Second. George Mellersh, 32d.·. W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 32d.·. Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

URREA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.

204 *Front Street.*

HERMES AND MITHRAS Lodges meet in conjunction 4th Wednesday in every month. F. Mellersh, Secretary.

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CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.·. W.·.; M. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.·.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSEIS Council of K—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.·.; William Y. Cirode, 32d, Rec.·.

CONSISTORY OF WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ajusile, 33d., Comm.·. in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Reg.·.

I. O. O. F.

GAYOSO ENCAMPMENT, No. 3, I. O. O. F. Meets on the 1st and 3d Thursday nights of each month. D. H. McClure, C. P.; Geo. Mellersh, I. P. C.; Thomas Bacon, Scribe. 2e4

CHICKASAW LODGE, No. 8.—Meets every Monday night at 8 o'clock. Dr. George W. Acree, N. G.; Thomas Bacon, Secretary. jy12

LAWYERS.

ALBERT PIKE, CHARLES W. ADAMS, L. H. PIKE.

PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE,

Attorneys, Solicitors & Proctors

ATTEND to cases in the different Courts sitting at Memphis, and in the river counties of Arkansas.

☞ The Senior partner will hereafter especially attend to cases in the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims of the United States at Washington, being of the firm of PIKE & JOHNSON, of that city.

Office in the MADAM VINCENT BLOCK, corner of Court and Second streets.

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSON.

PIKE & JOHNSON,

Attorneys, Counsellors & Solicitors

THIS firm, the junior member of which has had large experience in Departmental and other business during many years' service in Congress, will practice in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims at Washington, where the junior partner will reside. It will also attend to claims before Congress and the Departments.

The office of the firm will be opened in Washington, by the 1st of September next. Meanwhile, communications addressed to ALBERT PIKE, Box 88, P. O., Memphis, or to ROBERT W. JOHNSON, Pine Bluff, Arkansas, will receive prompt attention. jy4 1y

MARLAND L. PERKINS,

Attorney at Law

—AND—

SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,

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L. H. PIKE,

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—AND—

Solicitor in Chancery,

Little Rock, - - Arkansas.

Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to. mh8 tf

Architect and Engineer.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he has prepared to devote his whole attention to Designing Plans and Superintending Buildings, with as much energy and attention to his employer's interest as he did for the City's interest while City Engineer.

Office—Stadiman Block, Second and Madison streets. Charges reasonable.

J. H. MCCLURE, Architect and Engineer.

Creditors and Non-Resident Notice.

In Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee.
No. 243, N. R. D.—W. N. Wilkerson, et al., vs. The Franklin Insurance and Banking Company, et al,

In this cause it appearing that defendants Joseph F. Imbs, John F. Meyer and Louis Fuss (firm of "Imbs, Meyer & Fuss"), are non-residents of the State of Tennessee: It is therefore ordered by the Court, that they make their appearance herein, on or before the 1st Monday in May, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and cause set down for hearing ex parte. It is further ordered that all persons claiming to be creditors, or having any character of demands, against the "Franklin Insurance and Banking Company of Memphis," shall immediately come into the Court and have themselves made parties to this suit, and file their claims with the Clerk and Master, with proper evidence of the same, that they may severally recover their ratable shares of the assets of said Company, to be distributed in this cause; and that a copy of this order be published in the Memphis Daily Appeal for three (3) months from this date.

March 6, 1868.

A copy—attest: A. ALSTON, C. and M.
R. J. BLACK, D. C. and M.

Estes, Jackson & McDavitt, and E. Burns Pickett, Solicitors. mh11 3m

BUCK EYE SALVE,

A CERTAIN CURE FOR PILES.

Sold by MANSFIELD & HIGBEE,
jy1 301 and 303 Main street.

GEORGE M. THEW, ASSIGNEE OF THE President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Augusta, in Equity, vs. Orrin Boggs and Others, Creditors of said Corporation.

It appearing to the Court, by affidavit filed in pursuance of the rule of Court, that Thomas Branch, James R. Branch of the State of Virginia; William Dougherty, John A. James, William G. Peters, Clinton J. Brown, Miles G. Dobbins, Lemuel P. Grant, Lewis J. Dupree, Thomas H. Clarke, Benjamin C. Yancey, James S. Hamilton, Stevens Thomas, Albin P. Dearing, Young L. G. Harris, Robert Thomas, Benjamin F. Hardeman, Millege Murphy, William Cline, Charles G. Hillman, Andrew J. Cheney, John C. Lee, Willis Kilgore, John Carter, William H. Murphy, Jasper C. Pitman, John W. Stewart, all of different counties in the State of Georgia, other than Richmond county; Thomas J. Mackie, of South Carolina; Robert A. Wash, of Missouri; William B. Sheppard, of Alabama; John Ramage and Hugh McRae, of Tennessee; John D. O'Leary, of Kentucky; and Benjamin F. Allen, of Iowa or Wisconsin, reside out of the county of Richmond, in which the above case, which has been filed in the Clerk's office of this Court, returnable to June Term, 1868, of said Court, has originated: It is therefore ordered that a copy of this order be served upon the said defendants, or published once a week for six weeks in some public gazette in the States of Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky, Virginia, Missouri, Iowa or Wisconsin, or an acknowledgment of service be obtained from said defendants, and that the said defendants do then appear and answer said bill at the said June Term, 1868, of this Court, or in default thereof, that said bill be taken as confessed against said defendants, and that said cause do then proceed without them.

GEORGIA, RICHMOND COUNTY,
Clerk's Office, Superior Court:

I, Lafayette McLaws, Clerk of said Court, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the order of said Court, as the same appears recorded February 19, 1868, upon the Minutes of the Court of folio (125).

Witness my official signature and [SEAL] seal of said Court this 23d day of April, 1868.

LAFAYETTE McLAWS
Clerk S. C., R. C., Ga.

ma9 lawfw

BUCK EYE SALVE,

A CERTAIN CURE FOR PILES.

Sold by G. D. JOHNSON,
jy1 151 Main street.

Notice.

EXPECTING to be absent from the city for a month or more, any one having business with me, as Receiver of the Gayoso Savings Institution, or on my private account, will please call on Mr. C. H. Dorion, jr., at office, No. 15, over 304 Front street, who is fully authorized to act for me as above. All tenants of stores and offices, and persons who may want to rent same, will please call on him for terms.

jy16 1m S. MOSBY.

NEW YORK CARDS.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

DAIRYMEN, FARMERS,

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CONSIGN YOUR

Ashes, Beeswax, Beans,

Butter, Cheese, Eggs,

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Flax, Cotton,

Furs and Skins,

Dried and Green Fruits,

Grain, Wool, Game,

Poultry, Naval Stores,

Hops, Ginseng, Feathers,

Hemp, Provisions,

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And receive his weekly PRICE CURRENT of Produce and Groceries, the most complete Price Current published in the United States.

SEND FOR A PRICE CURRENT

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REEVES' AMBROSIA

FOR THE HAIR.

Improved!

It is an elegant Dressing for the Hair.

It causes the Hair to Curl beautifully.

It keeps the Scalp Clean and Healthy.

It invigrates the Roots of the Hair.

It forces the Hair and Beard to grow luxuriantly.

It immediately stops Hair Falling Out.

It keeps the Hair from Changing Color from Age

It restores Gray Hair to its Original Color.

It brings out Hair on heads that have been bald for years.

It is composed entirely of simple and purely vegetable substances.

It has received over six thousand voluntary testimonials of its excellence, many of which are from physicians in high standing.

It is sold in half-pound bottles (the name blown in the glass), by Druggists and Dealers in Fancy Goods everywhere, at One Dollar per Bottle.

Wholesale by Demas Barnes & Co.; E. C. Wells & Co.; Schieffelin & Co., New York.

mh14 1y

THE BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO.

PIANO-FORTES.

WHOLESALE AGENCY.

THE subscriber, late a member of this well known firm, has established a Wholesale Agency,

783 Broadway, New York City,

Opposite A. T. Stewart's Dry Goods Palace, corner Tenth street.

Where he will be pleased to receive the orders of his friends and public, and especially to hear from those who have so liberally bestowed their patronage on the firm heretofore. He will supply these superior Instruments to the trade, Wholesale and Retail, at the very Lowest Prices, made with the Insulated Iron Rim and Frame (cast in one solid plate). They excel all others in durability, superiority of tone, singleness of external appearance.

All these Pianos have overstrung Scales, given in connection with the patent iron rim and frame, Full, Round, Powerful and Sweet Mellow Tones. The Cases are elegant in appearance and easily and safely handled.

☞ Warranted to prove satisfactory, or the money returned.

Address all orders to

Siboria Ott,
se5 dawl0m 783 Broadway, New York.

Our Latest Improved

NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

GROVESTEEN & CO.,

499 Broadway, N. Y.,

THESE Instruments, after the most flattering testimonials from the first Pianists in the country, who, at our solicitation, have tested them in the severest manner *possible*, have been pronounced THE FINEST SQUARE PIANO-FORTE MADE IN THE WORLD.

It has always been our policy, during the *thirty-six* years that we have manufactured Pianos, *twelve thousand* of which are now in use in the United States and Europe, to make the finest instrument at the lowest cost. Our superior facilities enable us to offer them from one to three hundred dollars less than any other First Class House.

The tone of these instruments are remarkable for their peculiar Sweetness and Great Brilliancy, never losing their quality when forced to their utmost capacity. The lower register retains its fullness, power and purity, and the middle and upper registers by mingling with them in disagreeable confusion, the refined singing tone being equally delightful to the unpracticed and to the most cultivated ear.

They are an entirely new style of Piano, finished in the most superb manner, *with four full round corners front and back*, heavily carved legs and Lyre Serpentine Base richly moulded, and each instrument is fully warranted for five years.

sep5 dawly

TERWILLIGER & CO.,

Manufacturers of the Improved Triple Flange

Fire and Burglar Proof

SAFES,

With Combination and Powder-Proof Locks. Warranted free from Dampness.

Manufactory, 180 to 192 West Houston St.,
Depot, 100 Maiden Lane, near Broadway.
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PATENT MEDICINES.

LOUISIANA SELTZER AND MINERAL WATER MANUFACTORY, No. 276 Poydarre street, New Orleans. Seltzer Water put up in bottles for the country at $2 per case of one dozen, and at $6 25 per barrel of three dozen. Also, Tarred Seltzer Water at 15c per bottle; Vichy Water at 25c per bottle. Orders left at the Factory, or addressed through the postoffice to Glass Box, No. 1514, New Orleans, promptly attended to.

TREMOULET & LETOREY,
ap21 3m Proprietors.

TAX PAYERS, TAKE NOTICE!

PHILIP GARVIN, Tax Collector for 1867, has been selling lands for the Tax of 1867 all this week, will finish to-day at the Circuit Courthouse door. Tax Payers will bear in mind that a PENALTY OF FIFTY PERCENT. will immediately accrue on all lands sold either to individuals or the State, and rigid legislation has recently been enacted against those who fail to pay their taxes. The Collector will be engaged for a week in making out his report of sales, during which time he will accommodate those who desire to contribute their part in the support of the government. jy10 1w

ST. LOUIS.

THE COLLIER WHITE LEAD & OIL COMPANY
ESTABLISHED
1837.
INCORPORATED
1851.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

THOMAS RICHESON.....PRESIDENT
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ap9 d eod aw6m

HAIR GOODS.

Importance of Hair as an Ornament.

WITHOUT A FINE HEAD OF HAIR NO woman can be really beautiful. Without this crowning excellence of beautiful hair, no lady can obtain without buying it at MADAME LAVIGNE. Call and see for yourselves, for artistic styles and elegance, at 269 1-2 Main street, up-stairs, opposite Court Square.

N. B. Wigs, Chignons, etc., Hair Cutting, in any style, done by the professor.

ap28 3m F. LAVIGNE.

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—AND—
Books of all Kinds,
Books of all Kinds,

PRINTED IN THE

BEST STYLE AT LOW PRICES

—AT THE—

APPEAL JOB OFFICE

To Farmers.

WE are prepared to furnish SACKS, and devote our special attention to the

Storing and Sale of all Wheat

CONSIGNED TO OUR CARE,

HARRIS, COCHRAN & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,

NO. 254 FRONT STREET.

jy9 1m

New Firm.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style of NORTON & JOY, for the purpose of transacting a General Commission Business. JAMES NORTON,
LEVI JOY.

Memphis, Tenn., July 6, 1868.

CARD.

JAMES NORTON, late of Davis & Norton. LEVI JOY, late of Wormeley, Joy & Co.

NORTON & JOY.

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 334 Front Street, : : : Memphis, Tenn.

jy8 3m

100,000 BUSHELS

—OF—

Wheat Wanted

FOR which we will pay the HIGHEST CASH PRICE, at the "CITY MILLS," on Third street, near Beal.

jy7 1m A. L. HARRIS & CO.

Depot of the Celebrated

"Hoffheimer's" Bavarian Bitters,

—AT—

BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 276 Front street, : : : Memphis, Tenn.

jy4 3m

THE LIFE AND REMAINS

OF

Gen. WILLIAM T. HASKELL

Now being compiled and arranged

By Rev. R. H. RIVERS.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are solicited to this work, which, when compiled, will embrace between 500 and five hundred 12 mo. pages, printed upon calendered paper in bold, clear type, and bound in a creditable manner.

Gen. HASKELL was one of the most brilliant men and eloquent orators that Tennessee has ever given to our common country. This will be shown not only by a brief and truthful narrative of the chief incidents of his eventful life, but by presenting the reader with his Remains, consisting of Poems, Essays, Letters and Orations.

If the personal friends and admirers of the great Tennessean will subscribe liberally at once, the work can be delivered by November, 1868.

The profits arising from the sale of the work will be devoted to erecting a monument to his memory.

Terms—$1 per copy, payable on delivery.

Persons subscribers may leave their names with Col. J. H. McMAHON, No. 41 Madison street, or with J. M. KEATING, Esq. jy28 7t

COTTON GINS! COTTON GINS!

E. CARVER CO.'S

Improved Gins!

THE great number of these celebrated Gins in use throughout the whole country, are actual working witnesses of the Acknowledged superiority. No neighborhood is without some of these splendid machines, and we make reference to each and every planter now using them as to their superior advantages over all others.

Those needing Gins will consult their best interests when they bear in mind that the "E. CARVER CO.'S IMPROVED GINS" can be had with any desired number of Saws, either right or left hand motion, by calling on or sending their orders to

ALLISON BROTHERS,

Sole Agents, 270 Front St., Memphis.

Commission Merchants desiring to make purchases of Gin Stands for their customers, will find it to their advantage to call upon us.

jy14 2m ALLISON BROTHERS.

The Mercantile Agency.

THE undersigned take pleasure in announcing to the business men of Memphis that they have now on hand the REVISED REFERENCE BOOK for July, 1868, to which we call especial attention. All business men are respectfully invited to call and examine it, together with the detailed reports on our records. We invite your inquiries to prove the value of our institution.

R. G. DUN & CO.
Memphis, July 10, 1868. jy12 1m

H. L. GUION

—WITH—

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND AUCTIONEERS, 276 Second street. Attends exclusively to Renting and Leasing Houses and Lots, Collecting of Rents, Paying Taxes, Effecting Insurance, etc., etc. Has now for rent several very desirable Residences, from a cottage to almost a palace. Also, several Business Houses, Offices, Rooms, etc. jy21 1m

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL,
MEMPHIS, July 26, 1868.

To Capt. Malone, of the cotton house of Thos. H. Allen & Co., No. 7 Monroe street, we are indebted for the first cotton of the season. It came to us in the shape of large, well developed open bolls from which the fleecy article peeped forth in all its snowy purity. It certainly is the first of the season, and augurs an early picking upon the plantation of Col. L. G. Gallaway, of Glascoe, Bolivar county, Miss., from whence it came. If we are not mistaken, the first open cotton boll of last year was placed upon our table by the same gentleman who presented us with these.

Mr. R. C. Daniels, of the Metropolitan Bank of New York, left last evening for his home in that city.

Mr. Everitt, of the firm of Bayliss, Everitt & Co. of this city and London, was recently called upon to stand for Parliament—it being the second call—but declined the honor on account of business engagements in this country, embracing direct trade and immigration movements for the South. The following complimentary letter we take from the Bedfordshire *Mercury*:

BEDFORD, June 20, 1868.

My Dear Sir: At the last general election you were invited to address the electors of Bedford on the great political questions of the day; and at large and enthusiastic meetings of the constituency you were accepted as the second Liberal candidate for the representation of the borough.

Having presided at those meetings it has been suggested to me by many of the electors who on that occasion were prepared to give you their hearty support, that you should be asked if you are willing, on the dissolution of the present Parliament, to accept a nomination as one of our representatives in the New House of Commons. I therefore, on behalf of many friends, submit to you that question for consideration.

I am, my dear sir,
Very truly yours,
JAMES COMBS, M. D.

John Everitt, Esq.

Mr. Everitt in declining to become a candidate owing to his engagements in this country, etc., suggested the name of another party, who was waited upon by the committee, and chosen as the Liberal candidate.

The regular monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce will take place on Monday next, and it is of the utmost importance that all members should attend. The different committees appointed at the last meeting, will make their reports. Every merchant in the city is directly interested in this matter; and now that we are upon the eve of what promises to be a prosperous business season, we hope that they will spare enough time to be present at the meeting on Monday.

Exchange is steady, both buying and selling with a tendency to more liberal offerings. Eastern is taken at par to ¼ premium; selling at ¼ premium. Northern and Western cities sold at ¼ prem.

Banks and stocks are nominally the same as at our last, though the heavy offerings of city bonds has broken down the market, and to-day buyers could not be found at 54@55.

City scrip is quiet at 74@75; buying; selling at 78@80c.

County warrants dull to day; buying at 54@55; selling at 58@60c.

Police Scrip 70s buying; selling at 75c.

Gold in New York opened at 143½, but immediately went up and remained steady until the close. We quote at 141½@142c buying; selling at 142½@143. The noon New York dispatch quotes as follows: Coupons of '81, 15½; do '62, 14½; do '64, 11½; do '65, 12½; new issue, 9½; do '67, 9½; 10-40s, 81; 7-30s, 24 and 31, 109; new Tennessees, 67; old, 68; Governments strong.

In Liverpool at the opening to-day cotton was quiet; Uplands 10½, Orleans 10½. This was the only dispatch received from that market. The New York market at the opening was dull and nominal. It was tending downward at noon, and closed dull with a further downward tendency. Low Middlings 29½c, Middlings, 30½c; other grades unchanged. Sales, 550 bales; week's receipts, 795 bales; gross, 4585; receipts at all United States ports, 2000 bales; stock, 46,600 bales. Our market was astonished by a bale to-day. The largest list we know of, and for which 29½c was recently refused, was sold to-day at 29c. It embraced forty bales of barely Middlings. This was the only feature in to-day's market, and the transaction robs the balance of the season of all interest there being nothing left to sell.

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
MEMPHIS, July 25, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1867		1,080
Received to-day	4	
Received previously	253,021	253,025
		254,105
Exported to-day	13	
Exported previously	253,614	253,647
Stock on hand		458
Receipts for the week		56
Exports for the week		69

APPLES—The demand is falling off. Choice, however, are taken at $1 50@2 25 per bbl.

BRAN—Only a moderate demand; selling in store and at mills from $24@26 per ton in sacks, and $20 loose.

BUTTER—Good demand, with small supply. Held at 30@35c for choice Western.

BACON—Prices firm, though the demand is not active. Clear sides, 17¼@18s; clear rib, 17@17c; rib, 16½@17c; shoulders, 13½@14c.

CATTLE—Light city butcher's demand and light stock. Inferior to choice beeves, gross, 2½@6½c.

CHEESE—Light stock and demand. We quote W. R., Factory and E. D. at 14@18c.

COFFEE—Fair jobbing demand at 22@26c for Rio. Laguyra 28@30c; Java 40@42c.

CORN—Stock fair, with demand equal to supply. Sales of 100 sacks mixed at 95c; 50 do. choice white, 97c; 102 sacks from store, $1.

CORNMEAL—An active market for kilndried at $4 80 on levee and $5 in store; fresh bolted $4 75 at mills.

FLOUR—We have but little change to note. All brands are weak. We quote superfine new and sold at $7@8; X, $8 50@9; XX, $10@11; XXX, and all fancy brands from $12 to 14.

HAY—Prices firm, with light stock. Choice, $18@20 in first hands.

HAMS—Plain country 17@18c; sugar-cured canvassed 19@21c.

HOGS—Few in market and demand light at 6@8c gross.

CHICKENS — Good demand, with small stock. Young, $2 75@3 50; old, $4 50@5; 30 doz. latter sold at $4 75 for the New Orleans market.

EGGS—The market is very dull at 14@16c per doz.

HIDES—Receipts light. Dry flint 20@21c; dry salt, 17@18c; green salt, 10@11c; green, 8@9c.

LARD—Prices are firm. Kegs, 19½@20½c; tierces, 18@19c.

LIME—Eureka, $2 25; Alabama, Cape and St. Louis, $2.

MOLASSES—Light stock. Sugarhouse, 65c@$1; Porto Rico, 65@85c; Syrups, 75c@$1 25.

OATS—New are steady at 72½@73c from wagons; old, 75@78c from store.

OILS—Coal oil, 38@42c; lard oil, $1 40@1 75c; linseed, $1 20@1 40.

PORK—Market firm. We quote full weight mess at $29 25@30; prime mess $27@27 50; rump $25@26; jowls $19 50@20.

POTATOES—Dull at 50@60c per bushel; $2 per bbl.

SALT—Small stock; 7-bushel barrels, $3 25@3 50; 5-bushel barrels, $2 85@3.

SHEEP—dull at $2@3 50 for Tennessee; $4@4 50 for Kentucky.

SUGAR—firm; prime to choice Louisiana, 16@18c; fair, 14@15c; Island, 13@16c.

TAR—in kegs per dozen, $5 75@6.

TOBACCO—lugs to common, 5@12; selections, 18@20c; fancy work natural leaf, $1 00@$1 25; bright pounds fancy, $1@$1 25; medium, 80c@$1; common, 60@75c; smoking, fine and fancy, $1@$1 25; common, 35@75c.

WHEAT—Demand from city millers active, absorbing all choice coming to market, at $1 90@2; No. 2, $1 75@1 85; inferior, $1 50@1 60.

WHISKY—Nothing doing, and prices unsettled. We quote common at 85c@$1 per gallon.

TRUST SALES.

Trustee's Sale.

WHEREAS, John Overton did draw his accommodation bills on A. M. Hopkins, New Orleans, viz: One dated November 19, 1859, in favor of W. Bell, at 12 months after date, for $2405 00; one dated November 10, 1859, at 13 months after date, in favor of Wm. Bell, for $2400 00; and A. F. Hopkins did draw his accommodation bills on A. M. Hopkins, New Orleans, in favor of Wm. Bell, as follows: One dated January 6, 1860, at eleven months after date, for $2285 00; one dated December 6, 1859, at 12 months after date, for $1750 00; one dated March 12, 1860, at 12 months after date, for $800 00; one dated March 17, 1860, at ten months after date, for $650 00; one dated March 19, 1860, at 60 days after date, for $750 00; one dated December 10, 18 9, at 12 months after date, for $2580 00; one dated April 9, 1860, at 7 months after date for $1000 00; and Thomas Bibb did draw his accommodation bills on A. M. Hopkins, New Orleans, viz: One dated December 27, 1859, at 12 months after date in favor of himself, the said Thomas Bibb, for $2000 00; and one dated December 5, 1859, in favor of Thomas Bibb, at 12 months after date, for $800 00; and E. C. Brinkley did draw his accommodation bill on A. M. Hopkins New Orleans, in favor of R. P. Brinkley, dated December 28, 1859, at 12 months after date, for $1967 00; and A. M. Hopkins & Co. did make their note in favor of A. M. Hopkins, dated May 28, 1858, at 10 months after date, for $5:54 77, which was held by A. & J. Dennison & Co., on which said A. M. Hopkins did pay the sum of $500 00.

And whereas, in order to secure and save harmless the said John Overton, Thomas Bibb, E. C. Brinkley and A. F. Hopkins, the drawers respectively of the aforesaid accommodation bills, and to secure also the said A. and J. Dennison & Co. on the note aforesaid, the said Arthur M. Hopkins did execute an indenture of Trust, dated the 8th day of February, 1861, by and in which he conveyed to Charles Kortrecht the premises situate in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, known and described as follows: "A certain piece or parcel of land lying and being near the city of Chicago, in the State of Illinois, and consisting of about ten acres, which was conveyed in fee simple by James W. P. Yor, of the city of New York, to the said Arthur M. Hopkins, said conveyance being by deed now of record in Cook county, Illinois," which said land is more fully described as Blocks Three (3) and four (4) of James W. Pryor's subdivision of part of the northeast quarter of section four (4), township thirty-eight (38) north, range fourteen (14) east of the third principal meridian, according to survey and map of the same, said to be deposited for record in the proper office for the recording of surveys and maps in Cook county, Illinois, said subdivision being immediately south of Egan avenue and west of the Chicago and Pacific Railroad, and said block three (3) and four (4) contain, with the streets bounding on them, ten acres or thereabouts, being the land conveyed to said Arthur M. Hopkins by said James W. Fryor and Katherine M. Pryor, his wife, by their deed dated July 3, 1856, upon Trust; that in case a majority of the beneficiaries in said indenture of Trust named should direct a sale of said premises, then the said Charles Kortrecht was thereby authorized and empowered to sell said premises, at public auction, in the city of Memphis, State of Tennessee, after giving sixty days notice in one or more of the newspapers published in said city of Memphis, of the time and place of said sale, said sale to be made for cash or credit, as a majority of said beneficiaries in said indenture of Trust named might direct, and out of the proceeds of said sale to pay said accommodation bills and the note aforesaid, and to pay the remainder, if any, over to said Arthur M. Hopkins, as will appear by reference to said Trust Deed, recorded in the Recorder's office of Cook county, Illinois, in Book 2260 of Deeds, page 72.

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of said accommodation bills and note, and application has been made to a majority of said premises, for cash, has been directed by a majority of said beneficiaries in said indenture of Trust named, for the purpose of carrying out said Trust; now, therefore, public notice is hereby given, that I will, on

Monday, 31st Day of August, A.D., 1868,

At the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the southwest corner of Court Square (said location being known as South Court with Main street), in the said city of Memphis, State of Tennessee, sell the premises above described, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash.

The title is believed to be good, but the undersigned will make no warranties.

jy11d CHARLES KORTRECHT, Trustee.

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And whereas, in order to secure and save harmless the said John Overton, Thomas Bibb, E. C. Brinkley and A. F. Hopkins, the drawers respectively of the aforesaid accommodation bills, and to secure also the said A. and J. Dennison & Co. on the note aforesaid, the said Arthur M. Hopkins did execute an indenture of Trust, dated the 8th day of February, 1861, by and in which he conveyed to Charles Kortrecht the premises situate in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, known and described as follows: "A certain piece or parcel of land lying and being near the city of Chicago, in the State of Illinois, and consisting of about ten acres, which was conveyed in fee simple by James W. P. yor, of the city of New York, to the said Arthur M. Hopkins, said conveyance being by deed now of record in Cook county, Illinois," which said land is more fully described as Blocks Three (3) and four (4) of James W. Pryor's subdivision of part of the northeast quarter of section four (4), township thirty-eight (38) north, range fourteen (14) east of the third principal meridian, according to survey and map of the same, said to be deposited for record in the proper office for the recording of surveys and maps in Cook county, Illinois, said subdivision being immediately south of Egan avenue and west of the Chicago and Pacific Railroad, and said block three (3) and four (4) contain, with the streets bounding on them, ten acres or thereabouts, being the land conveyed to said Arthur M. Hopkins by said James W. Fryor and Katherine M. Pryor, his wife, by their deed dated July 3, 1856, upon Trust; that in case a majority of the beneficiaries in said indenture of Trust named should direct a sale of said premises, then the said Charles Kortrecht was thereby authorized and empowered to sell said premises, at public auction, in the city of Memphis, State of Tennessee, after giving sixty days notice in one or more of the newspapers published in said city of Memphis, of the time and place of said sale, said sale to be made for cash or credit, as a majority of said beneficiaries in said indenture of Trust named might direct, and out of the proceeds of said sale to pay said accommodation bills and the note aforesaid, and to pay the remainder, if any, over to said Arthur M. Hopkins, as will appear by reference to said Trust Deed, recorded in the Recorder's office of Cook county, Illinois, in Book 2260 of Deeds, page 72.

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Monday, 31st Day of August, A.D., 1868,

At the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the southwest corner of Court Square (said location being known as South Court with Main street), in the said city of Memphis, State of Tennessee, sell the premises above described, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash.

The title is believed to be good, but the undersigned will make no warranties.

jy11d CHARLES KORTRECHT, Trustee.

Commissioner's Sale.

State of Mississippi, Washington county—In Chancery, May Term, 1868.

No. 143—Bartley, Johnson & Co., vs. T. D. Elliott et als.—Injunction and Attachment Bills.

PURSUANT to a decree of the Chancery Court of the county of Washington, State of Mississippi, rendered in the above entitled cause on the 18th day of May, A.D., 1868, the undersigned, Commissioner, will sell at the door of the Courthouse of said county, to the highest bidder, between the hours prescribed by law, on the

Tenth Day of August, A.D., 1868,

All the right, title and interest of the defendant, John S. Woodburn, as the sole surviving heir-at-law and devisee of John Woodburn, deceased, and in his own right in and to the following described land, to-wit: All of section number three, all of fractional section seventeen, lying south of Rose Lake ditch, being a continuation of the section line between sections two and three; also, the west half of the northeast quarter and the west half of the southwest quarter of section eighteen, all in township seventeen, range nine (9) west, containing nineteen hundred and fourteen and three-quarter (1914¾) acres, in the county of Washington, State of Mississippi. Terms of sale to be as follows: ONE-THIRD (⅓) CASH, balance in one and two years, bond and security being required from the purchaser and a lien to be reserved on said lands; and in the event the purchaser fails to pay the bonds executed by him, or either one of them at maturity, the undersigned, Commissioner, is authorized upon application of any party interested, to expose the said lands for sale anew, for the amount so due and unpaid.

I will, on the same day, at the same time, at the door of the Courthouse of said county, to the highest bidder, for CASH, between the hours prescribed by law, all the right, title and interest of the defendant, John S. Woodburn, in and to the following described lands, to-wit: The southeast quarter and the east half of the southwest quarter of section eighteen, and the northwest quarter of section twenty-one, in township seventeen, range nine west, in said county of Washington and State of Mississippi.

E. J. COMSTOCK,
Commissioner.

jy6 daw s td

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of Deed in Trust made to me on the 18th day of June, 1867, by John Overton, and recorded in the Register's office of DeSoto county, State of Mississippi, in Book No. 2, pages 401, 402 and 403, I will sell, at public auction, in front of the Courthouse door, in the town of Hernando and State of Mississippi, to the highest bidder, for cash,

On the 8th Day of August Next,

Between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, the following described tract of land lying in the county of DeSoto and State of Mississippi, viz: All of the northwest quarter lying south of the Nolobo creek, containing forty-two (42) acres, and the east half of the southwest quarter of section thirty-five (35) S. 8 W. ¼ section 36), in township one